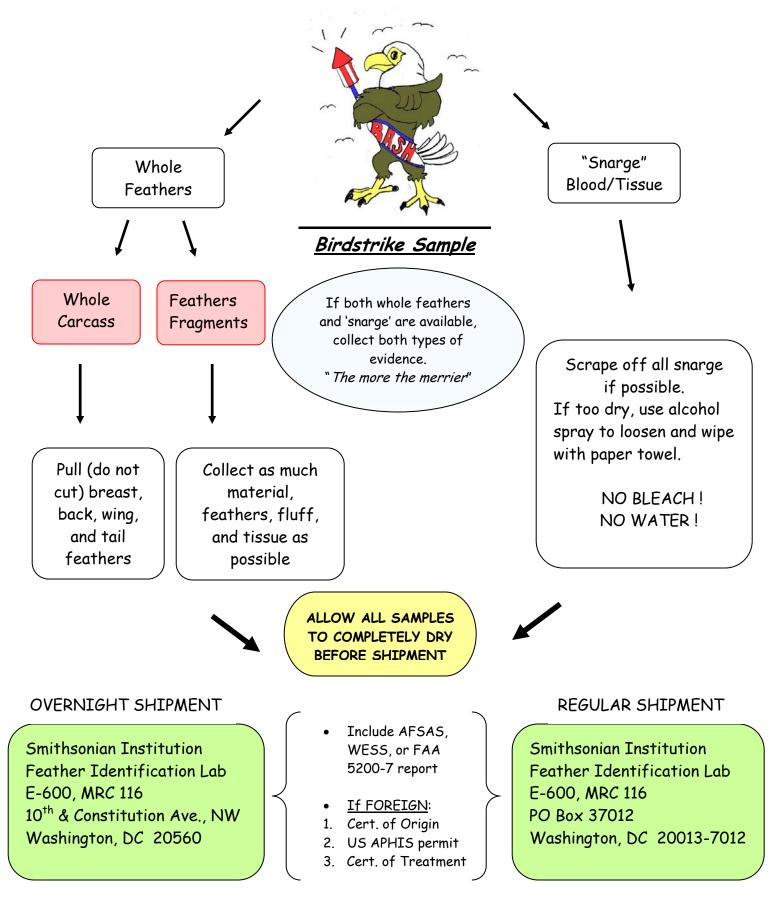
HOW TO COLLECT BIRDSTRIKE EVIDENCE



Guidelines For Collecting Birdstrike Material

Feather Identification Lab, Smithsonian Institution

COLLECTING REMAINS

Feathers:

<u>Whole Bird -</u> Pluck a variety of feathers (breast, back, wing, tail) <u>Partial Bird -</u> Collect a variety of feathers with color or pattern <u>Feathers only</u> - Send all material available Do not cut feathers from the bird (we need the downy part at the

base of the feathers)

Do not use any sticky substance (no tape or glue)

Tissue/blood ("Snarge"):

<u>Dry material</u> - Scrape or wipe off into a clean re-closeable bag **or** wipe area with pre-packaged alcohol wipe **or** spray with alcohol to loosen material then wipe with clean cloth/gauze. (*please do not use water, bleach, or other cleansers – they destroy DNA) <u>Fresh material</u> - Wipe area with alcohol wipe and/or clean cloth/gauze **or** apply fresh tissue/blood to an FTA® DNA collecting card

- > Always include any feather material available
- Include copy of report (AFSAS, WESS, or FAA 5200-7)
- Always secure all remains in re-sealable plastic bag

SHIPPING

Routine / Non-Damaging Cases US Postal Service

Feather Identification Lab Smithsonian Institution NHB E600, MRC 116 P.O. Box 37012 Washington, DC 20013-7012

Priority / Damaging Cases Overnight Shipping

Feather Identification Lab Smithsonian Institution NHB, E600, MRC 116 10th & Constitution Ave., NW Washington, DC 20560-0116

WEBSITES

Birdstrike Committee: www.birdstrike.org Air Force: http://safety.kirtland.af.mil Civil Aviation: http://wildlife-mitigation.tc.faa.gov Navy: www.safetycenter.navy.mil/aviation/operations/bash

Feather Lab Contact Information

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"MAKE-YOUR-OWN" - BIRDSTRIKE COLLECTING KITS

Birdstrike Collecting Kits are cheap to make and easy to assemble. Having pre-made kits available improves birdstrike reporting and encourages the sampling of birdstrike remains. Most folks assemble the contents into individual bags or envelopes and keep a supply in field vehicles or office supply cabinets for quick access. Below is a list of recommended items to include in your birdstrike collecting kits; mix and match as budgets permit:

<u>Re-sealable plastic bags</u>

A variety of sizes for various amounts of debris; Re-sealable bags help contain liquids and keeps odors to a minimum.

<u>Sharpie Markers</u>

Permanent markers are water resistant and used for writing data (date, time, aircraft, etc) directly on the bag of remains.

Alcohol Wipes

Pre-packaged alcohol hand-wipes can be used to wipe "snarge" off aircraft. Alcohol is better than water at preserving DNA, preventing mold growth, and is more sanitary for humans. Alternatively, use a spray bottle with 70% alcohol to spray the area before wiping with paper towels.

*<u>Do not</u> use wipes with bleach or other cleansers, it destroys DNA.

FTA® Micro Card and Sterile Applicators

If you send a lot of fresh blood/tissue samples for DNA identification, you may want to look into getting Whatman FTA® DNA cards. The material is sampled with a sterile applicator and placed onto the surface of the card that "fixes" the DNA in the sample. For more information on ordering these items contact the Feather Lab.

*Note: If you only occasionally send blood/tissue samples, a paper towel with alcohol, or alcohol wipe is still a good option for this type of material.

Miscellaneous Items for Birdstrike Collecting

Kitchen shears – good for cutting feet, wings, bills Tongue depressors, tweezers, cotton swabs/cotton-tipped applicators Hand cleaners, or other alcohol based gel hand sanitizers.

(collecting kits cont.) Extra Safety Items

Latex Gloves Protective Eyewear

Face Masks: Regular surgical-type hygiene masks. If avian flu is a concern, the Center for Disease Control recommends NIOSH rated N95 face masks. (These may be referred to as respirators.) There is a disposable version of these masks by 3M that looks similar to the regular "cup" style face masks.

Hand sanitizing gels

<u>Reminders</u>

Always encourage proper hygiene & provide personnel easy access to cleaning/hygiene supplies.

Do not cut off the fluffy down at the bottom of feathers.

Do not use water, bleach or other cleansers on samples.

Be sure personnel are briefed on proper carcass disposal protocols. Stay informed to the status of the HPAI H5N1 avian flu virus.

The following websites have excellent coverage on current avian flu info:

U.S. Geological Survey Wildlife Health Center http://www.nwhc.usgs.gov/

Centers for Disease Control and Prevention http://www.cdc.gov/flu/avian/gen-info/facts.htm

The American Ornithologists' Union Ornithological Council http://www.nmnh.si.edu/BIRDNET/OC/avianinfluenza.html



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